Annual Financial Report

Vadnais Lake Area Water Management Organization

Vadnais Heights, Minnesota

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015



VADNAIS LAKE AREA WATER MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION VADNAIS HEIGHTS, MINNESOTA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

VADNAIS LAKE AREA WATER MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION VADNAIS HEIGHTS, MINNESOTA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Page No.
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Board of Directors and Appointed Officials	5
board of Directors and Appointed Officials	5
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	9
Management's Discussion and Analysis	13
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	22
Statement of Activities	23
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	26
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	27
Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	28
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	29
General Fund	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	30
Notes to the Financial Statements	31
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Employer's Share of Public Employees Retirement Association Net Pension Liability -	
General Employees Retirement Fund	48
Schedule of Employer's Share of Public Employees Retirement Association Contributions -	
General Employees Retirement Fund	48
OTHER REQUIRED REPORT	
Independent Auditor's Report on Minnesota Legal Compliance	51

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

VADNAIS LAKE AREA WATER MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION VADNAIS HEIGHTS, MINNESOTA

> FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

VADNAIS LAKE AREA WATER MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION VADNAIS HEIGHTS, MINNESOTA BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Name	Name Title Mer		
Marc Johannsen	Chairperson	Vadnais Heights	
Dan Jones	Vice Chair	White Bear Lake	
Rob Rafferty	Treasurer	Lino Lakes	
Robert Uzpen	Board Member	Gem Lake	
Marty Long	Board Member	North Oaks	
Ed Prudhon	Board Member	White Bear Township	
	TECHNICAL COMMISSION		
Name	Title	Member City	

Paul Peterson Mark Graham Jim Grisim Jim Lindner Chris Mann Marty Asleson

- Title
- Chairperson Vice Chair Finance Officer Commissioner Commissioner Commissioner

White Bear Township Vadnais Heights White Bear Lake Gem Lake North Oaks Lino Lakes

FINANCIAL SECTION

VADNAIS LAKE AREA WATER MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION VADNAIS HEIGHTS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Vadnais Lake Area Water Management Organization Vadnais Heights, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Vadnais Lake Area Water Management Organization (the Organization), Vadnais Heights, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Organization's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. The prior year comparative information has been derived from the Organization's 2014 financial statements and, in our report dated February 13, 2015 we express unmodified opinions on the respective fund financial statements. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Organization's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Organization as of December 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Standards

As described in Note 6 to the financial statements, the Organization adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* and Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*, for the year ended December 31, 2015. Adoption of the provisions of these statements results in significant change to the classifications of the components of the financial statements.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis starting on page 13 and the Schedule of Employer's Shares of Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of Employers Contributions starting on page 48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Organization's basic financial statements. The introductory section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Oldo Eich & Mayro, LLP

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP Minneapolis, Minnesota March 7, 2016



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Vadnais Lake Area Water Management Organization, (the Organization), Vadnais Heights, Minnesota, we offer readers of the Organization's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Organization for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements, which follow this section.

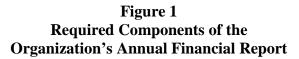
Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Organization exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$392,722 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$287,806 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the Organization's ongoing obligations.
- The Organization's total net position decreased by \$54,359. The decrease is due to the decrease in operating grants and contributions.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Organization's governmental fund reported combined ending fund balances of \$494,464, a decrease of \$25,604 in comparison with the prior year.
- The ending General fund balance was \$494,464. Of this balance, \$224,125 is committed purposes disclosed in the financial statements.
- The Organization's unrestricted cash and temporary investments decreased to \$520,368 from \$531,202 during 2015.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Organization's basic financial statements. The Organization's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure 1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.



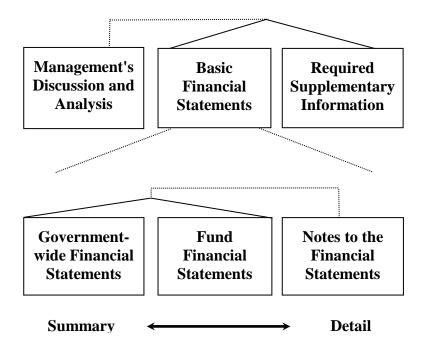


Figure 2 summarizes the major features of the Organization's financial statements, including the portion of the Organization government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

	Fund Fi	inancial Statements
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds
Scope	Entire Organization	The activities of the Organization
Required financial statements	Statement of Net PositionStatement of Activities	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Accounting Basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included
Type of deferred outflows/inflows of resources information	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Only deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included
Type of inflow/out flow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter

Figure 2 Major features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Organization's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Organization's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Organization is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Organization's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., grants and earned but unused vacation and sick leave).

The governmental activities of the Organization include general and administrative, programs, and projects.

The government-wide financial statements start on page 22 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Organization, like other state and local government, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Organization currently only uses governmental funds.

Governmental funds. *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact by the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheets and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Organization adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements start on page 26 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page 31 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Organization, assets exceeded liabilities by \$392,722 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portions of the Organization's net position are unrestricted and available to meet the ongoing needs of the Organization. The Organization has a total of 27 percent classified as investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment). The Organization uses these capital assets to provide services to its member cities; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Vadnais Lake Area Water Management Organization's Summary of Net Position

	Decem	Increase		
	2015	2014	(Decrease)	
Assets				
Current	\$ 1,086,172	\$ 1,068,193	\$ 17,979	
Capital, net of accumulated depreciation	104,916	115,370	(10,454)	
Total assets	1,191,088	1,183,563	7,525	
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred pension resources	44,470		44,470	
Liabilities				
Current	582,295	537,353	44,942	
Noncurrent	37,345	33,974	3,371	
Total liabilities	619,640	571,327	48,313	
Deferred inflows of resources				
Deferred pension resources	10,713		10,713	
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	104,916	115,370	(10,454)	
Unrestricted	287,806	496,866	(209,060)	
Total net position	\$ 392,722	\$ 612,236	\$ (219,514)	

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Organization is able to report positive balances in both categories of net position.

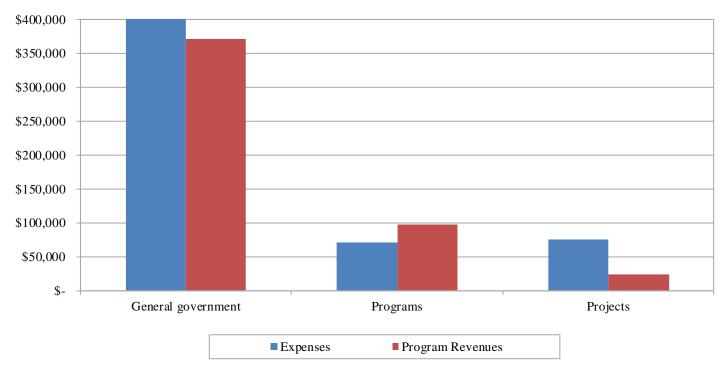
Vadnais Lake Area Water Management Organization's Changes in Net Position

	December 31,				Increase		
		2015	2014		([Decrease)	
				*			
Revenues							
Program							
Charges for services	\$	488,102	\$	458,301	\$	29,801	
Operating grants and contributions		5,359		65,064		(59,705)	
General							
Unrestricted investment earnings		238		218		20	
Miscellaneous		-		-		-	
Total revenues		493,699		523,583		(29,884)	
Expenses							
General and administrative		401,158		349,036		52,122	
Programs		70,802		69,368		1,434	
Projects		76,098		132,341		(56,243)	
Total expenses		548,058		550,745		(2,687)	
Change in net position		(54,359)		(27,162)		(27,197)	
Net position, January 1 as restated (Note 6)		447,081		639,398		(192,317)	
Net position, December 31	\$	392,722	\$	612,236	\$	(219,514)	

The decrease in operating grants and contributions are directly related the grants awarded and used during the year.

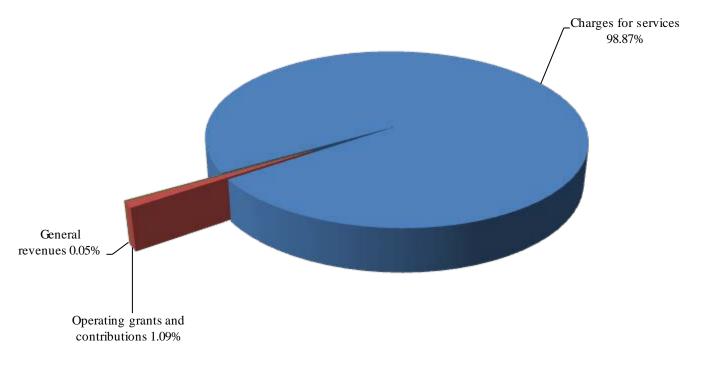
* GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the year ended December 31, 2015 and required a \$165,155 restatement of beginning net position. Prior year amounts were not restated causing a variance in ending net position at December 31, 2014 and beginning net position on January 1, 2015.

The following graph depicts various governmental activities and shows the revenue and expenses directly related to those activities.



Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities





Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Organization uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Organization's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Organization's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Organization's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$494,464 a decrease of \$25,604 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 55 percent of the total amount, \$270,339, constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the Organization's discretion. The remainder fund balance of \$224,125 is committed for purposes described in the notes to the financial statements.

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the Organization. At the end of the current year, the fund balance of the General fund was \$494,464. As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Total fund balance represents 95 percent of 2015 fund expenditures and 71 percent of 2015 budgeted fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the Organization's General fund decreased \$25,604 during the current fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Organization's General fund budget was not amended during the year. Actual revenues were over budget by \$9,358, mainly due to charges for service exceeding budget by \$9,151. Expenditures had a positive budget variance of \$265,038, mostly due to program and project costs being less than anticipated.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Organization's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2015, amounts to \$104,916 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes infrastructure related to the Lambert Creek Restoration project and monitoring equipment at Whitaker Pond.

Additional information on the Organization's capital assets can be found in Note 3C on page 39 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets

The Organization considered and prepared the 2016 budget based on the following factors:

- Revenue is primarily from the storm sewer utility assessment, with occasional income from grants, service fees and interest.
- Expenditures fall into three main categories: Programs, projects, and general and administration.
- Programs include: monitoring and data analysis, sustainable lake plans, cost-share, education and outreach, maintenance and 30 percent of payroll for 5.0 employees.
- Projects include capital projects such as the Sucker Lake channel restoration, the Water Management Plan update completion, year 3 of the bacteria source monitoring on Lambert Creek, lower Kohler Lambert streambank restoration, Goose Lake shoreline restoration and development of the Whitaker Treatment wetland project occupying 40 percent of payroll for 5.0 employees.
- Operations and administration include office rent and supplies, bookkeeping and general and program audit, information systems, insurance, the update the Joint Powers Agreement and 30 percent payroll for 5.0 employees and legal expenses.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Organization's budget for the 2016 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Organization's finances for all those with an interest in the Organization's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Stephanie McNamara, Administrator, Vadnais Lake Area Water Management Organization, 800 County Road E East, Vadnais Heights, MN 55127.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

VADNAIS LAKE AREA WATER MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION VADNAIS HEIGHTS, MINNESOTA

> FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

VADNAIS LAKE AREA WATER MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION VADNAIS HEIGHTS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2015

		vernmental activities
ASSETS		
Cash and temporary investments	\$	520,368
Restricted cash		39,406
Receivables		
Accounts		120
Special assessments		523,264
Due from other governments		3,014
Capital assets		
Depreciable assets, net of accumulated depreciation		104,916
TOTAL ASSETS		1,191,088
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred pension resources		44,470
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		13,510
Escrow deposits payable		39,406
Due to other governments		25,815
Unearned revenue		
Noncurrent liabilities		503,564
		28,009
Due within one year		,
Due in more than one year		221,819
TOTAL LIABILITIES		832,123
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred pension resources		10,713
Deterred pension resources		10,715
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		104,916
Unrestricted		287,806
		_0.,000
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	392,722
	<u> </u>	·

VADNAIS LAKE AREA WATER MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION VADNAIS HEIGHTS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

					Prograi	m Revenues	5		Re ⁻ Ch	(Expense) venue and hanges in t Position
				Charges	Op	erating	Cap	oital		
				for	Gra	ants and	Gran	ts and	Gov	vernmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Cont	tributions	Contri	butions	A	ctivities
Governmental activities										
General and administrative	\$	401,158	\$	366,077	\$	5,194	\$	-	\$	(29,888)
Programs		70,802		97,620		-		-		26,818
Projects		76,098		24,405		165		-		(51,528)
Total	\$	548,058	\$	488,102	\$	5,359	\$	-		(54,597)
		revenues stricted invest	ment	earnings						238
	Change	in net positio	n							(54,359)
	Net pos	ition, January	1 as 1	restated (Not	e 6)					447,081
	Net pos	ition, Deceml	per 31						\$	392,722

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

VADNAIS LAKE AREA WATER MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION VADNAIS HEIGHTS, MINNESOTA

> FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

VADNAIS LAKE AREA WATER MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION VADNAIS HEIGHTS, MINNESOTA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014		
ASSETS				
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 520,368	\$ 531,202		
Restricted cash	39,406	16,894		
Receivables				
Accounts	120	121		
Special assessments	523,264	507,432		
Due from other governments	3,014	12,544		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,086,172	\$ 1,068,193		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 13,510	\$ 8,476		
Escrow deposits payable	39,406	16,894		
Due to other governments	25,815	23,369		
Unearned revenue	503,564	488,614		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	582,295	537,353		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue - special assessments	9,413	10,772		
FUND BALANCES				
Committed	224,125	175,000		
Unassigned	270,339	345,068		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	494,464	520,068		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES -9413	\$ 1,086,172	\$ 1,068,193		

VADNAIS LAKE AREA WATER MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2015

Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because

Total fund balances - governmental	\$ 494,464
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.	
Cost of capital assets	190,380
Less: accumulated depreciation	(85,464)
Noncurrent liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period	
and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	
Compensated absences payable	(37,345)
Pension liability	(212,483)
Some receivables are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's	
expenditures, and therefore are unavailable in the funds.	
Special assessments	9,413
Governmental funds do not report long-term amounts related to pensions	
Deferred outflows of pension resources	44,470
Deferred inflows of pension resources	 (10,713)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$ 392,722

VADNAIS LAKE AREA WATER MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION VADNAIS HEIGHTS, MINNESOTA STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014
REVENUES		
Charges for services	\$ 489,201	\$ 455,445
Intergovernmental		
Grants	4,394	64,154
Interest on investments	238	218
Miscellaneous	1,225	1,209
TOTAL REVENUES	495,058	521,026
EXPENDITURES		
Current		
General and administrative	384,216	337,226
Programs	70,802	69,368
Projects	65,644	120,971
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	520,662	527,565
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(25,604)	(6,539)
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1	520,068	526,607
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$ 494,464	\$ 520,068

VADNAIS LAKE AREA WATER MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION VADNAIS HEIGHTS, MINNESOTA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because

\$ Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds (25,604)Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Depreciation expense (10, 454)Certain revenues are recognized as soon as they are earned. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting certain revenues cannot be recognized until they are available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Special assessments (1,359) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Pension expense (13,571)Compensated absences (3,371) \$ (54,359) Change in net position - governmental activities

VADNAIS LAKE AREA WATER MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION VADNAIS HEIGHTS, MINNESOTA STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

(With comparative actual amounts for the year ended December 31, 2014)

		20	015		2014
	Budgeted Amounts Actual Variance with			Actual	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 480,050	\$ 480,050	\$ 489,201	\$ 9,151	\$ 455,445
Intergovernmental					
Grants	5,000	5,000	4,394	(606)	64,154
Interest on investments	150	150	238	88	218
Miscellaneous	500	500	1,225	725	1,209
TOTAL REVENUES	485,700	485,700	495,058	9,358	521,026
EXPENDITURES					
General and administrative					
Wages	258,000	267,000	264,593	2,407	223,813
Payroll taxes and employee benefits	58,500	59,900	60,212	(312)	54,586
Legal	6,500	6,500	119	6,381	1,095
Professional services	33,100	30,600	18,618	11,982	16,777
Information systems	13,000	17,661	9,979	7,682	8,043
Insurance	5,600	5,600	4,443	1,157	4,357
Office	21,000	21,765	16,267	5,498	17,927
Staff training	3,000	3,000	2,280	720	2,858
Telephone	-	-	2,250	(2,250)	2,235
Miscellaneous	10,000	10,000	5,455	4,545	5,535
Programs					
Monitoring	58,300	58,300	33,648	24,652	42,126
Maintenance	62,900	62,900	37,154	25,746	27,242
Projects	255,800	242,474	65,644	176,830	120,971
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	785,700	785,700	520,662	265,038	527,565
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(300,000)	(300,000)	(25,604)	274,396	(6,539)
FUND BALANCES, JANUARY 1	520,068	520,068	520,068		526,607
FUND BALANCES, DECEMBER 31	\$ 220,068	\$ 220,068	\$ 494,464	\$ 274,396	\$ 520,068

VADNAIS LAKE AREA WATER MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION VADNAIS HEIGHTS, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2015

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting entity

The Vadnais Lake Area Water Management Organization (the Organization), Vadnais Heights, Minnesota, was established to meet the requirements of the Metropolitan Surface Water Management Act, re-codified as Minnesota statutes, chapters 103-b and 103-d.

The general purpose of the Organization is to establish a jointly and cooperatively developed water management plan and program to (1) protect, preserve, and use natural surface and groundwater storage and retention systems; (2) minimize capital expenditures necessary to correct flooding and water quality problems; (3) identify and plan for means to effectively protect and improve surface and groundwater quality; (4) establish more uniform local policies and official controls for surface water, wetland and groundwater management; (5) prevent erosion of soil into surface water systems; (6) promote groundwater recharge; (7) protect and enhance fish and wildlife habitat and water recreational facilities, and secure other benefits associated with the proper management of surface ground water, and be in accordance with the Act.

The Organization is governed by a Board of Directors which consists of six members, one from each of the following governmental units: City of North Oaks, City of White Bear Lake, City of Lino Lakes, White Bear Township, City of Vadnais Heights and the City of Gem Lake. The Board of Directors exercises legislative authority and determines all matters of policy. The Board of Directors appoints personnel responsible for the proper administration of all affairs relating to the Organization's activities.

The Organization has considered all potential units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Organization are such that exclusion would cause the Organization's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the primary government to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. The Organization has no component units that meet the GASB criteria.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statements of net position and the statements of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Organization.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

VADNAIS LAKE AREA WATER MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION VADNAIS HEIGHTS, MINNESOTA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2015

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and basis of presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Organization considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Charges for service, assessments to members, grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Organization.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Organization receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlement and donations. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Organization must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Organization on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue.

The Organization reports the following major governmental fund:

The *General fund* is the Organization's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Organization.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Organization's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from government-wide financial statements.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

D. Assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance

Deposits and investments

The Organization's cash and temporary investments are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments are reported at fair value.

The Organization may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota statutes, as follows:

- 1. Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- 2. Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and received the highest credit rating, rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and have a final maturity of thirteen months or less.
- 3. General obligations of a state or local government with taxing powers rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better.
- 4. General obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better.
- 5. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- 6. Commercial paper issued by United States banks corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less.
- 7. Repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- 8. Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GIC's) issued or guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, a domestic branch of a foreign bank, a United States insurance company, or its Canadian subsidiary, whose similar debt obligations were rated in one of the top two rating categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.

The Minnesota Municipal Money Market (4M) fund operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The 4M fund is an external investment pool not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC); however, it follows the same regulatory rules of the SEC under rule 2a7. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares. Financial statements of the 4M fund can be obtained by contacting RBC Global Asset Management at 100 South Fifth Street, Suite 2300, Minneapolis, MN 55402-1240.

Restricted assets

Certain assets of the Organization are set aside for repayment of individual property owners once they meet specific criteria.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable include amounts billed for services provided before year end.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Special assessments

Special assessments represent storm sewer utility charges. These assessments are recorded as receivables upon certification to the County. Special assessments are recognized as revenue in the year they are collected or received in cash or within 60 days after year end. Governmental fund special assessments receivables are offset by deferred inflows of resources or unearned revenue in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Organization as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the Organization are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Useful Lives in Years
Infrastructure	20 - 30
Equipment	5 - 7

Deferred outflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Organization has only one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred pension resources, is reported only in the statements of net position. This item results from actuarial calculations and current year pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date.

Compensated absences

It is the Organization's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick benefits, which will be paid to the employee upon separation without the considerations of number of years of service. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The General fund is used to pay employee benefits upon termination for governmental and proprietary funds.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred inflows of resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and fund financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies as needing to be reported in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source: special assessments. The unavailable amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Furthermore, the Organization has an additional item which qualifies for reporting in this category. The item, deferred pension resources, is reported only in the statements of net position and results from actuarial calculations.

Fund balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Organization is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in the governmental funds. These classifications are defined as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

Restricted - Amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by formal action (resolution) of the Board of Directors, which is the Organization's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors modifies or rescinds the commitment by resolution.

Assigned - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed. In governmental funds other than the General fund, assigned fund balance represents all remaining amounts that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed. In the General fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Directors itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. The Board of Directors has adopted a fund balance policy which delegates the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes to the Administrator.

Unassigned - The residual classification for the General fund and also negative residual amounts in other funds.

The Organizations considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, the Organization would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The Organization has formally adopted a fund balance policy for the General fund. The Organization's policy is to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance of 35 - 50 percent of budgeted operating expenditures for cash-flow timing needs.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Net position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consist of net position balances restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Comparative data/reclassifications

Comparative total data for the prior year has been presented for the fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the change in financial position. Certain amounts presented in prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

Note 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary information

Annual budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General fund. All annual appropriations lapse at year end. The Organization does not use encumbrance accounting.

During the budget year, supplemental appropriations and deletions are or may be authorized by the Board of Directors. The budget was not amended by the Board of Directors in 2015.

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ACCOUNTS

A. Deposits and investments

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Organization's deposits may not be returned or the Organization will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with Minnesota statutes and as authorized by the Board of Directors, the Organization maintains deposits at those depository banks which are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota statutes require that all Organization deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds, or irrevocable standby letters of credit from Federal Home Loan Banks.

Authorized collateral in lieu of a corporate surety bond includes:

- United States government Treasury bills, Treasury notes, Treasury bonds;
- Issues of United States government agencies and instrumentalities as quoted by a recognized industry quotation service available to the government entity;
- General obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "A" or better by a national bond rating service, or revenue obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "AA" or better by a national bond rating service;
- General obligation securities of a local government with taxing powers may be pledged as collateral against funds deposited by that same local government entity;
- Irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks to a municipality accompanied by written evidence that the bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or Standard & Poor's Corporation; and
- Time deposits that are fully insured by any federal agency.

Minnesota statutes require that all collateral shall be placed in safekeeping in a restricted account at a Federal Reserve Bank, or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The selection should be approved by the Organization.

At year end, the Organization's carrying amount of deposits was \$147,900 and the bank balance was \$147,954. The entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ACCOUNTS - CONTINUED

Investments

At year end, the Organization had the following investments that are insured or registered, or securities held by the Organization's agent in the Organization's name:

Types of Investments	Credit Quality/ Ratings (1)	Segmented Time Distribution (2)	(air Value and Carrying Amount
Pooled investments				
Minnesota Trust Term Series	N/A	less than 6 months	\$	177,497
Minnesota Municipal Money Market fund	N/A	less than 6 months		234,353
Total investments			\$	411,850

(1) Ratings are provided by Moody's where applicable to indicate associated credit risk.

(2) Interest rate risk is disclosed using the segmented time distribution method.

N/A Indicates not applicable or available.

The investments of the Organization are subject to the following risks:

- *Credit Risk.* Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies and where applicable, indicate associated credit risk. Minnesota statutes limit the Organization's investments to the list on page 33 of the notes.
- *Custodial Credit Risk.* The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.
- *Concentration of Credit Risk.* Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.
- Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The Organization does not have an investment policy that addresses the risks described above.

A reconciliation of cash and temporary investments as shown in the financial statements of the Organization follows:

Carrying amount of deposits Investments Cash on hand	\$ 147,900 411,850 24
Total	\$ 559,774
Cash and investments Unrestricted Restricted	\$ 520,368 39,406
Total	\$ 559,774

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ACCOUNTS - CONTINUED

B. Restricted assets

The Organization set aside the following cash balances for repayment of individual property owners:

Mitigation Restricted Cash

39,406

\$

C. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2015 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Infrastructure	\$ 181,219	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 181,219	
Equipment	9,161			9,161	
Total capital assets					
being depreciated	190,380			190,380	
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Infrastructure	(66,765)	(9,538)	-	(76,303)	
Equipment	(8,245)	(916)		(9,161)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(75,010)	(10,454)		(85,464)	
Total governmental activities	\$ 115,370	\$ (10,454)	\$ -	\$ 104,916	

The full depreciation expense amount was charged to projects.

D. Operating lease

The Organization entered into a lease agreement with the City of Vadnais Heights for office space. The lease agreement has an effective period of January 1, 2015 and will terminate on December 31, 2017.

The lease agreement calls for monthly payments for office space, as well as amounts for the Organizations portion of normal operating expenses, such as: janitorial, secretarial, office supplies, postage, utilities, IT support and any other costs that arise.

The Organization paid \$15,200 and \$15,300 for rent in 2015 and 2014, respectively. The Organization's rent for fiscal years 2016, and 2017 is expected be \$18,260, and \$18,680, respectively as outlined in the lease agreement.

Note 3: DETAILED NOTES ON ACCOUNTS - CONTINUED

E. Unearned revenue

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unearned revenue reported were as follows:

	Unearned
Special assessments receivable	\$ 502,793

F. Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2015, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increases Decreases		•		Increases Decrease		Ending Balance	-	Current Portion
Governmental activities Net pension liability	\$	_	\$	212,483	\$	_	\$ 212,483	\$	-		
Compensated absences payable		33,974		26,818		(23,447)	 37,345		28,009		
Government-type activity long term liabilities	\$	33,974	\$	239,301	\$	(23,447)	\$ 249,828	\$	28,009		

G. Fund balance classifications

At December 31, 2015, portions of the Organization's fund balance are not available for appropriation due to Board of Directors action (committed). The following is a summary of the commitments:

Commitments		
Office	\$ 1,375	
Information systems	7,750	
Legal assistance	6,000	
Engineering	10,000	
Technical assistance	10,000	
Payroll	4,600	
Staffing assistance - GIS etc.	4,000	
Financial incentives	1,000	
Education and marketing	2,500	
Maintenance	12,000	
Equipment	3,700	
Monitoring and analysis	10,000	
Lambert creek restoration	17,000	
Water quality projects	64,000	
Project research	8,200	
Implementation on impaired waters	62,000	
Total committed	\$ 224,125	:

Note 4: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE

A. Plan description

The Organization participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota statutes, chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF)

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the Organization, other than teachers, are covered by the General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF). GERF members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. The Basic Plan was closed to new members in 1967. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan.

B. Benefits provided

PERA provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by Minnesota statute and can only be modified by the state legislature.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Increases are related to the funding ratio of the plan. Members in plans that are at least 90 percent funded for two consecutive years are given 2.5 percent increases. Members in plans that have not exceeded 90 percent funded, or have fallen below 80 percent, are given 1 percent increases.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

GERF benefits

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent for each remaining year. The annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66. Disability benefits are available for vested members and are based upon years of service and average high-five salary.

C. Contributions

Minnesota statutes, chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

GERF contributions

Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.10 percent and 6.25 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary in calendar year 2015. The Organization was required to contribute 11.78 percent of pay for Basic Plan members and 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members in calendar year 2015. The Organization's contributions to the GERF for the years ending December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013 were \$18,726, \$15,788 and \$13,544, respectively. The Organization's contributions were equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by Minnesota statute.

Note 4: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE - CONTINUED

D. Pension costs

GERF pension costs

At December 31, 2015, the Organization reported a liability of \$212,483 for its proportionate share of the GERF's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Organization's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Organization's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015 relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2015, the Organization's proportion was 0.0041 percent.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the Organization recognized pension expense of \$13,571 for its proportionate share of GERF's pension expense.

At December 31, 2015, the Organization reported its proportionate share of GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	-	\$	10,713	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		-		-	
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on plan investments		20,115		-	
Changes in proportion		14,092		-	
Contributions to GERF subsequent					
to the measurement date		10,263		-	
Total	\$	44,470	\$	10,713	

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$10,263 related to pensions resulting from the Organization's contributions to GERF subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to GERF pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2016	\$ 6,156
2017	6,156
2018	6,156
2019	5,026

Note 4: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE - CONTINUED

E. Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.75% per year
Active member payroll growth	3.50% per year
Investment rate of return	7.90%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors and disabilitants were based on RP-2000 tables for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments. Benefit increases for retirees are assumed to be 1 percent effective every January 1st through 2026 and 2.5 percent thereafter.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in the GERF was for the period July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2008, with an update of economic assumptions in 2014. Experience studies have not been prepared for PERA's other plans, but assumptions are reviewed annually.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.9 percent. The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness of the long-term expected rate of return on a regular basis using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic stocks	45.00 %	5.50 %
International stocks	15.00	6.00
Bonds	18.00	1.45
Alternative assets	20.00	6.40
Cash	2.00	0.50
Total	100.00 %	

F. Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.9 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, each of the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 4: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATEWIDE - CONTINUED

G. Pension liability sensitivity

The following presents the Organization's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the Organization's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	City Proportionate Share of NPL						
	1 Pe	1 Percent				1 Percent	
	Decreas	Decrease (6.90%)		Current (7.90%)		Increase (8.90%)	
GERF	\$	334,099	\$	212,483	\$	112,047	

H. Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about each defined benefit pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive #200, St. Paul, Minnesota, 55103-2088; or by calling (651) 296-7460 or (800) 652-9026.

Note 5: OTHER INFORMATION

Risk management

The Organization is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the Organization carries insurance. The Organization pays annual premiums for its workers compensation and property and casualty insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded the Organization's coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities, if any, include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The Organization's management is not aware of any incurred but not reported claims.

Note 6: CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

During 2015, the Organization implemented several new accounting pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), including Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No.* 27 and Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an Amendment of GASB Statement No.* 68, for the year ended December 31, 2015. These standards required a retroactive implementation which resulted in the restatement of beginning balances in the December 31, 2014 financial statements. Changes related to these standards are reflected in the financial statements and schedules and related disclosures are included in Note 4.

As a result of the restatement of beginning balances, the following schedule reconciles the previously reported December 31, 2014 balances to the December 31, 2015 financial statements:

	December 31, 2015						
	Net Position						
	January 1, 2015				Ne	et Position	
	as P	reviously	Prior Period		January 1, 2015		
Fund	R	Reported		Restatement (1)		as Restated	
Governmental activities	\$	612,236	\$	(165,155)	\$	447,081	

(1) To record beginning net pension liability, deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflow of resources at December 31, 2014.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

VADNAIS LAKE AREA WATER MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION VADNAIS HEIGHTS, MINNESOTA

> FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

VADNAIS LAKE AREA WATER MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION VADNAIS HEIGHTS, MINNESOTA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2015

Schedule of employer's share of PERA net pension liability - General Employees Retirement Fund

		Required Supplementary Information						
					City's			
				State's Proportionate				
				Proportionate Share of the				
			City's	Share of		Net Pension		
			Proportionate	the Net Pension			Liability as a	Plan Fiduciary
		City's	Share of	Liability		City's	Percentage of	Net Position
Fiscal	Fiscal	Proportion of	the Net Pension	Associated with		Covered	Covered	as a Percentage
Year	Year	the Net Pension	Liability	the City	Total	Payroll	Payroll	of the Total
Ending	Ending	Liability	(a)	(b)	(a+b)	(c)	((a+b)/c)	Pension Liability
06/30/15	6/30/2015	0.0041 %	\$ 212,483	\$-	\$212,483	242,884	87.5 %	78.2 %

Schedule of employer's PERA contributions - General Employees Retirement Fund

	Required Supplementary Information						
		Contributions in					
		Relation to the					
	Statutorily	Statutorily	Contribution	City's	Contributions as		
	Required	Required	Deficiency	Covered	a Percentage of		
Year	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Covered Payroll		
Ending	(a)	(b)	(a-b) (c)		(b/c)		
12/31/15	\$ 19,530	\$ 19,530	\$ -	\$ 260,400	7.5 %		

OTHER REQUIRED REPORT

VADNAIS LAKE AREA WATER MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION VADNAIS HEIGHTS, MINNESOTA

> FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Board of Directors Vadnais Lake Area Water Management Organization Vadnais Heights, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Vadnais Lake Area Water Management Organization (the Organization), Vadnais Heights, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements as and have issued our report thereon dated March 7, 2016.

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Other Political Subdivisions*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minnesota statute § 6.65, contains six categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions and tax increment financing. Our audit considered all of the listed categories except for tax increment financing because the Organization does not have any established tax increment financing districts.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Organization failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Other Political Subdivisions*. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the Organization's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

This report is intended solely for the information and use those charged with governance and management of the Organization and the State Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

to Eich & Mayro, LLP

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP Minneapolis, Minnesota March 7, 2016